Knight Low NOx Gas Fired Single Flue Water Heater with Pilot Ignition

Installation, Commissioning, User & Maintenance Instructions

Models:
LGL 30 G CE and PG CE
LGL 40 G CE and PG CE
IMPORTANT INFORMATION

These instructions must be read and understood before installing, commissioning, operating or maintaining the equipment.
Preface

Copyright
Copyright © 2018 Lochinvar Ltd.
All rights reserved.
Nothing from this publication may be copied, reproduced and/or published by means of printing, photocopying or by whatsoever means, without the prior written approval of Lochinvar Ltd..
Lochinvar Ltd. reserves the right to modify specifications in this manual.

Trademarks
Brand names in this manual are registered trademarks of their respective owners.

Warranty
Refer to the appendix Warranty (see 12.6) for the warranty provisions.

Liability

User
Lochinvar accepts no liability when the water heater is not used correctly and requires the user to:
• Read this manual carefully and obey the instructions.
• Ask your installation engineer for advise about the use of the water heater.
• Make sure that the service and maintenance activities are done by a qualified engineer.

Installation engineer
Lochinvar accepts no liability when the water heater is not used correctly and requires the installation engineer to:
• Read this manual carefully and obey the instructions.
• Make sure that the entire water heater installation complies with the applicable regulations (see 6).
• Make sure that the water heater is tested before the installation is taken into use.
• Explain the correct use to the user.
• Notify the user when service and maintenance activities are necessary.
• Make sure that you hand over all applicable manuals.

Supplier
The LGL water heater is designed in accordance with the applicable regulations. The water heater is delivered with the CE-marking and all necessary documentation to obey these regulations.
Lochinvar accepts no liability for claims from third parties when:
• The instructions for the correct installation of the water heater are not obeyed.
• The instructions for the correct use of the water heater are not obeyed.
• The water heater did not have maintenance on the correct maintenance interval.

For more information, refer to the General Terms of Sales. These are available on request, free of charge.
We believe that this manual provides you with accurate and complete descriptions of all relevant components. If you, nonetheless find errors or inaccuracies in this manual, please inform Lochinvar. This helps us to further improve our documentation.

Compliance
To safely produce domestic hot water, the design and construction of the LGL water heaters is in accordance with:
• the European Regulations 2016/426 on appliances burning gaseous fuels (GAR).
• the European Standard for Gas–fired storage water heaters for the production of domestic hot water (EN89).
• The European ECO-Design Directive.
• The European Energy Labeling Directive
Refer to the appendix Declaration of conformity (see 12.5).

Regulations
It is law that all gas appliances are installed by competent persons, in accordance with The Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1998. Failure to install appliances correctly could lead to prosecution. It is in your own interest, and that of safety, to ensure that this law is complied with. The installation of the equipment MUST be
in accordance with the relevant requirements of the Gas Safety Regulations, Building Regulations, I.E.E. Regulations and the bylaws of the local water undertaking.

In addition, the installation should follow the relevant guidance offered in the following documents. It is not practical to list all relevant information due to continuous changes but emphasis is placed on the following documents, as failure to comply with the guidance given will almost certainly result in an unsatisfactory installation:

- British Standards (BS)
- Institute of Gas Engineers and Managers (IGEM) Publications
- CIBSE Guides
- Clean Air Act
- H.S.E Guidance

Note
Manufacturer's notes must not be taken in any way as overriding statutory obligations.

Contact information

In the event of problems with your gas, electricity or water supply connections or when you have any comments or questions, please contact your supplier.

About this manual

Scope

This manual gives information about safe and correct use of the water heater and how installation, maintenance and service activities have to be done correctly. You must obey the instructions in this manual.

Caution

Read this manual carefully before you start the water heater. It can cause personal injury and damage to the water heater when you do not read the manual and/or do not obey the instructions.

The purpose of this manual is to:

- describe the working principles and layout of the water heater
- explain the safety devices
- highlight possible hazards
- describe the use of the water heater
- describe the installation, service and maintenance of the water heater

This manual has two parts:

- An User part that describes the correct usage of the water heater.
- An Installation, Maintenance and Service part, that describes the correct installation and maintenance procedures.

Target group

The information in this manual applies to three target groups:

- users
- installation engineers
- service and maintenance engineers

The User part is intended for the (end) users. The Installation, Maintenance and Service part is intended for the installation engineers and the service and maintenance engineers.

Notation conventions

This manual uses the following text conventions:

- Numbers between parentheses e.g. (1), refer to elements in a figure that are described by the text.
- Knobs or symbols on the knobs are always shown between brackets, for example: \[ ], \[ ], \[ ].
- Cross-references to sections, tables, figures etc. are underlined and written as (see "..."). In the digital version, the cross-references function as hyperlinks that can be used to navigate through the manual by clicking on them. Example: Safety (see 2).

This manual contains the following text styles/symbols for situations that may endanger users/engineers, cause damage to equipment or need special attention:

Note
A note gives more information on a topic.

Caution
Obey the caution instructions to prevent damage of the water heater.

Warning
Obey the warning instructions to prevent danger of personal injury, and serious damage to the water heater.
Failure

Obey the danger instructions to prevent danger of serious personal injuries or death, and serious damage to the water heater.

Table of Contents

Preface....................................3
Copyright..................................3
Trademarks..................................3
Warranty....................................3
Liability....................................3
Compliance..................................3
Regulations..................................3
Contact information........................4
About this manual..........................4
Scope.......................................4
Target group................................4
Notation conventions.........................4
Document identification.....................5
User part....................................6
1 Introduction............................6
2 Safety.....................................6
3 Operation..................................7
3.1 Control components.....................7
3.1.1 Operation control knob.................7
3.1.2 Temperature control knob..............8
3.2 Status of the water heater...............8
3.2.1 Operating modes.......................8
4 Use........................................8
4.1 Turn on the water heater.................8
4.1.1 Temperature setting....................9
4.2 Turn off the water heater................9
4.2.1 Turn off for a short period............9
4.2.2 Turn off for a long period.............9
Installation, Maintenance and Service part........................................9
5 Introduction............................9
5.1 About the water heater..................9
5.2 Working principle.......................9
6 Safety......................................10
6.1 Safety instructions.......................10
6.2 Instructions on the water heater........11
6.3 Safety devices...........................12
6.4 Environmental aspects....................12
6.4.1 Recycling...............................12
6.4.2 Disposal................................12
7 Water heater..............................13
7.1 Structure of the water heater............13
8 Installation...............................13
8.1 Packaging..................................13
8.2 Conditions...............................13
8.2.1 Ambient conditions.....................13
8.2.2 Maximum floor load.....................13
8.2.3 Water composition......................14
8.2.4 Working clearances.....................14
8.2.5 Placement of the water heater........14
8.3 Installation diagram......................14
8.4 Water connections.......................15
8.4.1 Cold water connection..................15
8.4.2 Hot water connection...................15
8.4.3 Circulation connection...............15
8.4.4 Drain valve.............................15
8.5 Gas connection...........................15
8.6 Flue gas discharge......................16
8.6.1 Draught diverter........................16
8.6.2 T.R.S. (Thermal Reflux Safeguard).....16
8.6.3 Discharge pipe.........................16
8.7 Commissioning............................16
8.7.1 Filling....................................16
8.7.2 Burner pressure.........................17
8.7.3 Turn on the water heater..............17
8.8 Decommissioning........................17
8.8.1 Turn off the water heater.............17
8.8.2 Draining................................17
9 Conversion of gas type....................17
10 Maintenance.............................18
10.1 Performance check.....................18
10.2 Water-side maintenance.................18
10.2.1 Inspect the anode......................18
10.2.2 Inspect the inlet security group.......19
10.2.3 Descale the tank.......................19
10.3 Gas-side maintenance...................19
10.3.1 Clean the burner.......................19
10.3.2 Clean the combustion chamber........20
10.3.3 Assemble the burner...................20
10.3.4 Finalization............................20
11 Troubleshooting..........................20
11.1 General..................................20
11.1.1 Safety thermostat.....................20
11.1.2 T.R.S. (Thermal Reflux Safeguard)....21
1 Introduction

The LGL water heater stores and heats water for sanitary purposes.

Cold water enters the tank (3) through the water inlet (2). The heated water leaves the tank at the top through the hot water outlet (1). When hot water is used, the tank of the water heater is filled with the same amount of cold water.

To operate the water heater, the control knobs on the gas control valve (5) are used.

2 Safety

Lochinvar cannot be held responsible for damages or injuries which can be lead back to:

- Failure to follow the instructions provided in this manual.
- Carelessness during use or maintenance of the water heater.

Every user must study the user part of this manual and must follow the instructions in this part of the manual strictly. Do not change the sequence of the described actions. This manual
must be available for the user and service engineer at all times.

Warning

If you smell gas:
- Shut off the mains gas supply valve!
- Avoid causing sparks! Do not use any electrical equipment or switch, i.e. no telephones, plugs or bells!
- No naked flames! No smoking!
- Open windows and doors!
- Warn occupants and leave the building!
- After leaving the building, alert the gas distribution company or your installation engineer.

Caution

Do not store or use chemical substances in the room where the water heater is installed because of the risk of explosion and corrosion of the water heater. Some propellants, bleaching agents and degreasing agents etc. disperse of explosive vapors and/or cause accelerated corrosion. If the water heater is used in a room where such substances are stored or used, the warranty will be void.

Caution

Installation, maintenance and service may only by carried out by a qualified engineer.

Caution

The water heater is not intended for use by persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capacities, or who lack the necessary experience or knowledge. When the person responsible for their safety is supervising or has explained how the water heater should be used, these persons can use the water heater.

Caution

This water heater is not intended to be used by children. Always supervise children, and make sure that they do not play with the water heater.

Note

Regular maintenance extends the service life of the water heater. To determine the correct service interval, the service and maintenance engineer must do a check on both the water and gas side of the water heater three months after installation. Based on this check, the best service interval can be determined.

3 Operation

3.1 Control components

For the use of the LGL water heater, the gas control valve has two control knobs:

- The operation control knob on top of the gas control valve (see 3.1.1).
- The temperature control knob on the front of the gas control valve (see 3.1.2).

Fig. Control components

1. Outer door
2. Pilot flame inspection window
3. Temperature control knob
4. Operation control knob
5. Piezo igniter
6. Drain valve

3.1.1 Operation control knob

You can use the operation control knob to activate and to deactivate the water heater. The symbols on the operation control knob indicate the 3 possible settings.
Table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Explanation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>![Flame]</td>
<td>Water heater is activated, the pilot flame burns (frost protection). In this setting, you can put the water heater in the <strong>OFF mode</strong> or in the <strong>ON mode</strong> with the temperature control knob.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![Star]</td>
<td>In this setting, you can ignite the pilot flame to turn on the water heater (no frost protection).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![Circle]</td>
<td>Water heater is <strong>OFF</strong>, pilot flame does not burn (no frost protection).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 3.1.2 Temperature control knob

With the temperature control knob you can set the desired water temperature of the water heater (see 4.1.1).

When the operation control knob is in the position [✧], you can use the temperature control knob to set the water heater in the **OFF mode** or in the **ON mode**:

- Turn the temperature control knob anticlockwise to ignite the main burner (**ON mode**).
- Turn the temperature control knob clockwise to shutdown the main burner. Only the pilot flame burns (**OFF mode**).

### 3.2 Status of the water heater

During operation, the operation control knob shows the status of the water heater.

#### 3.2.1 Operating modes

The LGL has 2 operating modes:

- **OFF mode** (see 3.2.1.1)
- **ON mode** (see 3.2.1.2)

#### 3.2.1.1 OFF mode

In the **OFF mode** the water heater is deactivated. The operation control knob is set in the position [✧] and the temperature control knob is completely turned clockwise. The pilot flame in activated.

To prevent that the water in the system freezes, the frost protection is activated when the water heater is in **OFF mode**. The frost protection starts when the temperature of the water drops below 5 ºC. The water heater will heat the water to 20 ºC and then turns back to the **OFF mode**.

#### 3.2.1.2 ON mode

In the **ON mode** the water heater continuously responds to the heat demand. The operation control knob is set in the position [✧] and the temperature control knob is turned to one of the 5 positions. The pilot flame is activated and ignites the main burner when there is a heat demand.

### 4 Use

#### 4.1 Turn on the water heater

**Caution**

Make sure that the water heater is filled with water before you turn on the water heater.

To start the water heater:
1. Remove the outer door (see 3).
2. Open the gas supply.
3. Turn the temperature control knob completely clockwise.
4. Turn the operation control knob to [✧].
5. Push the operation control knob and simultaneously push the Piezo igniter button several times until the pilot flame burns.

**Note**

When the pilot flame burns, hold the operation control knob for approximately 20 seconds.

6. Release the operation control knob.
7. Look through the pilot flame inspection window to make sure that the pilot flame remains on.

**Note**

When the pilot flame extinguishes, wait for at least 5 minutes and repeat this procedure from step 5.

8. Turn the operation control knob to [✧].
9. Turn the temperature control knob to the desired **Temperature setting** (see 4.1.1).
10. Replace the outer door.
4.1.1 Temperature setting

Use the temperature control knob to set the temperature:

- **Position 1** = approximately 40°C
- **Position 2** = approximately 47°C
- **Position 3** = approximately 56°C
- **Position 4** = approximately 63°C
- **Position 5** = approximately 70°C

**Caution**

Preferably turn the temperature control knob in position 4. Harmful scaling and lime build-up will be higher when using position 5. At lower temperature settings there is a higher risk of high legionella concentrations in the water.

When the water temperature reaches 84 °C, the safety thermostat cuts off the gas supply completely and the pilot flame goes out.

4.2 Turn off the water heater

4.2.1 Turn off for a short period

To turn off the water heater for less than 2 months, set the water heater in the **OFF mode** (see 3.2.1.1).

**Note**

If the water heater stays in the **OFF mode** for more than 2 months and no water is drained, air bubbles may be formed in the water heater. This can lead to air in the water pipes.

4.2.2 Turn off for a long period

When the water heater needs to be turned off for more than 2 months, contact your service and maintenance engineer to decommission the water heater.

5 Introduction

5.1 About the water heater

The LGL water heater is intended for heating water for sanitary purposes.

The LGL is a gas–fired storage water heater. The flue gasses transfer their heat to the water through an heat exchanger.
6 Safety

6.1 Safety instructions

For safety instructions on the use of the water heater, refer to Safety (see 2) in the User part of this manual.

Warning
Installation, maintenance and service must be carried out by a qualified engineer in compliance with the general and local regulations imposed by the gas and water supply companies and the fire brigade. The appliance may only be installed in a room that complies with the requirements stated in national and local ventilation regulations (see 6).

Caution
The water heater may only be moved in an upright position. After unpacking, make sure that the water heater is not damaged.

Caution
Use of an incorrect roof flue terminal can cause the water heater to malfunction.

Caution
Make sure that the diameter of the gas supply pipe is large enough to supply sufficient capacity to the water heater.

Caution
Fill the water heater completely before use. Dry firing will damage the water heater.

Caution
After installation or maintenance, always check that the appliance is gas tight and make sure that the gas supply pressure and the burner pressure are correct. If the gas supply pressure is not correct, contact your mains gas supply company. Do not use the water heater.

Danger
Never deactivate the T.R.S.. Backdraft of flue gas can lead to a dangerous situation.

Note
Any leakage from the tank and/or connections can cause damage to the immediate environment or floors below the level of the boiler room. Install the water heater above a waste water drain or in a suitable metal leak tray. The leak tray must have an appropriate waste water drain and must be at least 5 cm deep with a length and width of at least 5 cm larger than the water heater.
### 6.2 Instructions on the water heater

The water heater has some safety instructions on its cover:
- The text "Read the installation instructions before installing the appliance".
- The text "Read the user instructions before putting the appliance into operation".

Also the packaging has some safety instructions:
- The text "Read the installation instructions before installing the appliance".
- The text "Read the user instructions before putting the appliance into operation".
- The text "The appliance may only be installed in a room that meets the required ventilation regulations".
- Some safety pictograms:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pictogram</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CE</td>
<td>CE approved</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FRAGILE</td>
<td>this way up/fragile</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HANDLE WITH CARE</td>
<td>fragile/ handle with care</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MANIPULER AVEC PRÉCAUTION</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use hand truck</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do not use a forklift truck, clamping truck or spade truck.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attention; Top heavy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum stacking height is 4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6.3 Safety devices

Safety devices of the water heater:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Gas control valve</strong></td>
<td>The gas control valve controls the gas supply to the burner and to the pilot burner.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Thermocouple</strong></td>
<td>The thermocouple detects the presence of a pilot flame. When the pilot flame extinguishes, the gas supply is closed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>T.R.S. (Thermal Reflux Safeguard)</strong></td>
<td>The T.R.S. detects the presence of returning flue gases on the draught diverter. The T.R.S. detects an increase of temperature in the edge of the draft diverter. When the temperature becomes too high, the gas supply is closed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Safety devices of the installation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inlet security group</strong></td>
<td>The inlet security group is the combination of the stop valve, a non return valve and a pressure relief valve. The inlet security group prevents excessive pressure in the tank and back flow of expansion water into the cold water main supply.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pressure-reducing valve</strong></td>
<td>The pressure-reducing valve reduces the water mains pressure, if necessary.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Temperature and pressure relief valve (T&P valve)** | The T&P valve is a temperature and pressure relief valve which is activated when:  
  - the temperature exceeds 97°C.  
  - the pressure exceeds 7 bar.                                                  |

1- All installations have a T&P valve connection. Lochinvar recommends to use a T&P valve.

6.4 Environmental aspects

6.4.1 Recycling

Old end-of-life appliances contain materials that need to be recycled. When you discard devices at the end of their service life, you must obey local legislation related to waste disposal.

Never discard your old device together with regular waste. Put the device into a municipal waste collection depot for electrical and electronic equipment. If necessary, ask your supplier or your service and maintenance engineer for advice.

The packaging material is environmentally friendly, recyclable and relatively easy to discard.

6.4.2 Disposal
7 Water heater

7.1 Structure of the water heater

The water heater has the following main components:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tank</td>
<td>The water is stored and heated up in the tank.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burner</td>
<td>The burner (with a pilot flame) ignites the air and gas mixture to heat up the water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas control valve</td>
<td>The gas control valve controls the gas supply to the burner.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Fig. Components water heater

8 Installation

Warning
The installation must be done by a qualified person, in compliance with general and local applicable regulations (see 6).

Caution
The water heater may not be used in rooms where chemical substances are stored or used because of the risk of explosion and corrosion of the water heater. Some propellants, bleaching agents and degreasing agents etc. disperse of explosive vapors and/or cause accelerated corrosion. If the water heater is used in a room where such substances are stored or used, the warranty will be void.

For more safety instructions, refer to Safety instructions (see 6.1).

8.1 Packaging

Lochinvar recommends to unpack the water heater at or near its intended location. Remove the packaging material carefully to prevent damage to the water heater.

8.2 Conditions

The water heater must be installed in a location with adequate ventilation and a suitable flue gas discharge.

8.2.1 Ambient conditions

The installation site must be frost-free. If necessary, adjust the installation site to keep it frost-free.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Air humidity and ambient temperature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Air humidity</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ambient temperature</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2.2 Maximum floor load

Refer to the building construction engineer and the general specifications in the appendices to make sure that the maximum floor load is sufficient for the weight of the water heater.
8.2.3 Water composition

The water must comply with the regulations for drinking water for human consumption.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Water composition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hardness (alkaline earth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ions) &gt; 1.00 mmol/l:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- German hardness &gt; 5.6°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- French hardness &gt; 10.0°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- English hardness &gt; 7.0°</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- CaCO&lt;sub&gt;3&lt;/sub&gt; &gt; 100 mg/l</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conductivity &gt; 125 µS/cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acidity (pH value) 7.0 &lt; pH value &lt; 9.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note**
If the water specifications differ from the specifications in the table, the tank protection cannot be guaranteed, refer to Warranty (see 3).

8.2.4 Working clearances

Make sure that there is sufficient clearance to access the water heater:
- 50 cm in front of the water heater (AA).
- 50 cm at the left and right side of the water heater (BB).
- 100 cm at the top of the water heater.

**Fig. Working clearances**

8.2.5 Placement of the water heater

Before you install the water connections and gas connections, place the water heater on the correct position and make sure that the water heater is level.

8.3 Installation diagram

**Fig. Installation diagram**

1. Pressure reducing valve (mandatory if the mains water pressure is too high)
2. Inlet security group
3. T&P valve (optional)
4. Stop valve (recommended)
5. Non-return valve
6. Circulation pump (optional)
9. Drain valve
10. Manual gas valve
11. Service stop valve
12. Temperature gauge (optional)
14. Draw-off point
15. Expansion valve
16. Expansion vessel
A. Cold water supply
B. Hot water outlet
C. Circulation pipe (optional)
D. Gas supply
Use this installation diagram when you:
• install the water connections (see 8.4)
• install the gas connection (see 8.5)
• fill the water heater (see 8.7.1)
• drain the water heater (see 8.8)

8.4 Water connections

8.4.1 Cold water connection
Install the cold water connection:
1. Install an approved stop valve (4), as required by the applicable regulations (see 6).
2. Install an approved pressure reducing valve (1) to prevent that the pressure in the cold water supply pipe exceeds the maximum working pressure of the tank, 8 bar. Refer to the Technical details.
3. Install a non-return valve (5).
4. Install an expansion valve (15).
5. Connect the overflow connection of the expansion valve, to an open waste water pipe.
6. Install an expansion vessel (16).

8.4.2 Hot water connection

Note
Insulate long hot water pipes to prevent unnecessary energy loss.

Install the hot water connection:
1. Install a stop valve (11) in the hot water outlet pipe for service reasons.
2. If applicable, install a temperature gauge (12).
3. Install a T&P valve (3).

8.4.3 Circulation connection
Install a circulation system when an immediate flow of hot water at draw-off points is required. This improves comfort and reduces water wastage.

Note
Use the drain valve connection (9) as a connection of the circulation pipe on the water heater.

8.4.4 Drain valve
Install the drain valve:
1. Fasten the drain valve (9) in the connection in the front of the water heater.
2. Place the cap over the connection to make it watertight.

8.5 Gas connection

Caution
Make sure that the gas supply pipe has the correct diameter and length to supply sufficient capacity to the water heater.

Caution
Make sure that the gas supply pipe is clean. Contamination in the pipe can cause damage to the gas control valve, during operation.

Caution
Install a manual gas valve on a spot accessible for the user.

Install the gas connection:
1. Install a manual gas valve (10) in the gas supply pipe.
2. Make sure that the gas pipe is clean before use. If necessary, remove the contamination from the pipe.
4. Install the gas supply pipe to the gas control valve.
5. Make sure that there are no gas leaks.
8.6 Flue gas discharge

Caution
It is not allowed to make changes to the flue gas discharge or to apply casings on it.

Install the flue gas discharge:
1. Install the draught diverter on top of the water heater. (see 8.6.1)
2. Install the T.R.S. (see 8.6.2)
3. Install the discharge pipe. (see 8.6.3)

8.6.1 Draught diverter

Install the delivered draught diverter on top of the water heater.

For correct installation of the draught diverter, please refer to the installation instructions delivered with the draught diverter.

Fig. Install the draught diverter

8.6.2 T.R.S. (Thermal Reflux Safeguard)

The T.R.S. (Thermal Reflux Safeguard) is installed on the draught diverter.

Note
Make sure that the temperature probe is positioned at the front side of the water heater. If necessary, reinstall the draught diverter.

Fig. Install the T.R.S. thermostat in the bracket

8.6.3 Discharge pipe

Install a vertical discharge pipe directly on top of the draught diverter. This pipe must have at least 50 cm of length before the first bend.

Note
Make sure that the discharge pipe is protected against corrosion and has at least the same diameter of the draught diverter.

8.7 Commissioning

To commission the water heater:
1. Fill the water heater (see 8.7.1)
2. Check the burner pressure (see 8.7.2)
3. Turn on the water heater (see 8.7.3)

8.7.1 Filling

Refer to the installation diagram (see 8.3) when you fill the water heater:
1. Open the stop valve (11) in the hot water supply pipe.
2. If applicable, open the stop valves (4) of the circulation pipe (C).
3. Make sure that the drain valve (9) is closed.
4. Open all hot water draw-off points (14) to bleed the entire installation of air.
5. Open the valve of the inlet security group (2) in the cold water supply pipe (A). Cold water flows into the water heater.

6. Fill the water heater until cold water flows out of all opened draw-off points. The water heater is completely full.

7. Make sure that no water comes out of the pressure relief valve of the inlet security group (2) or the T&P valve (3). If water comes out:
   - Examine if the water supply pressure is greater than the specified value in the Technical details (see 12.1). If necessary, install a pressure reducing valve (1).
   - Examine if the pressure relief valve of the inlet security group in the protected cold supply set-up is installed correctly and is not defective. If necessary, replace the expansion valve.

8. Close all hot water draw-off points.

8.7.2 Burner pressure

Make sure that the burner pressure is set correctly in order to check the nominal load.

Check the burner pressure:
1. Remove the sealing screw of the test nipple.
2. Connect a pressure gauge to the test nipple as soon as you smell gas.
3. Turn on the water heater (see 4.1).
4. If necessary, create a heat demand:
   - Use a hot water draw-off point to tap water, or
   - Use the temperature control knob to raise the setpoint of the water temperature (see 4.1.1).
5. Wait about 1 minute.
6. Use the pressure gauge to read the burner pressure and compare it with the value from the appendix Gas details (see 12.4).
7. If necessary, correct the burner pressure with the pressure adjustment screw:
   a) Remove the temperature control knob by pulling it straight out. The burner pressure adjustment screw ("pr adj") will be visible.
   b) Turn the screw anticlockwise to decrease the burner pressure or clockwise to increase the burner pressure.
   c) Replace the temperature control knob.
8. Turn the water heater off (see 4.2).
9. Disconnect the pressure gauge.
10. Replace the sealing screw and tighten it on the test nipple.

8.7.3 Turn on the water heater

Refer to the procedure in the user part to Turn on the water heater (see 4.1).

8.8 Decommissioning

To decommission the water heater:
1. Turn off the water heater (see 8.8.1)
2. Drain the water heater (see 8.8.2)

8.8.1 Turn off the water heater

Refer to the procedure in the user part to Turn off the water heater (see 4.2).

8.8.2 Draining

Refer to the installation diagram (see 8.3) when you drain the water heater:
1. Close the manual gas valve (10).
2. If applicable, close the service stop valve (11) in the hot water pipe.
3. Close the stop valve (10).
4. Open the drain valve (9).
5. Aerate the entire installation of air until the water heater is completely drained.

Note
Disconnect and tilt the water heater in the direction of the drain valve when the water heater needs to be drained completely.

9 Conversion of gas type

Caution
Conversion of the water heater may only be carried out by a qualified person.

Use a conversion kit to convert the water heater when the water heater has to operate on a gas
category other than that for which the water heater has been configured at the factory.

You can order the conversion kit you need from the supplier of your water heater. The conversion kit contains all the parts needed to do the conversion and an instruction how to do the conversion.

The following conversions are possible:
- Conversion from natural gas to LPG.
- Conversion from LPG to natural gas.
- Conversion from natural gas to natural gas.

Caution
After the conversion, make sure that the water heater is gas-tight. Make sure that the supply pressure and the burner pressure have the correct value.

10 Maintenance

The water heater needs maintenance at least once a year. The maintenance interval is determined by the water quality, the average burning time each day and the set water temperature.

To determine the correct interval, Lochinvar recommends to do a system check on both the water and the gas side, three months after installation.

Note
Do maintenance to maintain an effective and efficient transfer of heat to the water. This significantly increases the service life of the water heater.

Warning
Hot water can come out of the T&P valve.

10.1 Performance check
Check if the performance of all components is correct:
1. Make sure that the water heater operates the operating cycle correctly.
2. Make sure that the color of the flame is blue.
3. If applicable, make sure that the T&P valve operates correctly.
   Open the T&P valve pressure relief and make sure that water spurt out.

Caution
After the conversion, make sure that the water heater is gas-tight. Make sure that the supply pressure and the burner pressure have the correct value.

4. Make sure the pressure relief connection of the inlet security group operates correctly.
   Open this pressure relief and make sure that water spurt out.
5. Make sure the pressure of the gas supply is correct:
   a) Remove the sealing screw of the test nipple under the gas supply connection.
   b) Connect a pressure gauge to the test nipple as soon as you smell gas.
   c) Use the pressure gauge to read the gas supply pressure and compare it with the value from the appendix Gas details (see 12.4).
   d) Disconnect the pressure gauge.
   e) Replace the sealing screw and tighten it on the test nipple.
6. Make sure the burner pressure is correct (see 8.7.2).

10.2 Water-side maintenance
To do water side maintenance:
- Inspect the anode (see 10.2.1)
- Inspect the inlet security group (see 10.2.2)
- Descale the tank (see 10.2.3)

10.2.1 Inspect the anode
The life cycle of the anode is determined by the quality and the quantity of the water that flows through the water heater. Inspect the anode at least once a year to make sure that the tank is protected against corrosion.

To inspect the anode:
1. Close the pressure reducing valve in the cold water supply.
2. Open the nearest hot water tap to reduce the water pressure in the water heater.
3. Use a wrench to loosen the anode.
4. Take the anode out of the water heater.
5. Inspect the volume of the anode. When the
   anode is consumed for 60% or more, replace
   the anode.

**Note**
If the anode needs to be replaced, always use
an anode of the same type. Please refer to the
type and the serial number on the data plate.

6. Place the anode in the water heater.
7. Use a wrench to fasten the anode. Make sure
   that the connection is watertight.

**Note**
Never install an anode isolated from the metal
tank.

---

**10.2.2 Inspect the inlet security group**

To inspect the inlet security group:
1. Check if the cold water supply is open. If not,
   open the cold water supply.
2. Open the relief valve of the inlet security
   group and make sure that the water flows
   out with a full jet of water.
3. Close the relief valve.
4. Check if the water is drained through the
   tundish. If not, remove the blockage.
5. Check the water flow again by opening the
   relief valve.

**10.2.3 Descale the tank**

If necessary, use a descaling agent to remove
the scale and contamination from the tank.
Contact Lochinvar for advice on what descaling
agent to use.

**10.3 Gas-side maintenance**

Do gas side maintenance when the water heater
does not operate correctly.

To do gas side maintenance:
- **Clean the burner** (see 10.3.1)
- **Clean the combustion chamber** (see 10.3.2)

**10.3.1 Clean the burner**

To clean the burner:
1. Remove the outer door.
2. Close the main gas supply and/or the manual
gas valve, refer to Installation diagram (see
8.3).
3. Disconnect the cable from the piezo igniter.
4. Disconnect the two slide contacts of the
   T.R.S.
5. Disconnect the pilot pipe from the gas control
   valve.
6. Disconnect the thermocouple from the gas
   control valve.
7. Disconnect the burner tube from the gas
   control valve.

**Fig. Disconnect the burner**

---

**Fig. Inspect the anode**

---

---

---

---

---
8. Loosen the two bolts to disconnect the burner from the combustion chamber.
   *Fig. Loosen the bolts*

9. Take the burner out of the water heater.
   *Fig. Remove the burner*

10. Clean the burner with a soft brush.
11. Clean the pilot burner or, when necessary, replace the pilot burner.

**10.3.2 Clean the combustion chamber**

Use a vacuum cleaner and a soft brush to clean the combustion chamber (1) of the heat exchanger.

**10.3.3 Assemble the burner**

Assemble the burner when the burner and the combustion chamber both are cleaned:

1. Replace the burner in the water heater and fasten the two bolts.
2. Connect the burner tube to the gas control valve.
3. Use a wrench to tighten the burner tube.
4. Connect the thermocouple to the gas control valve.

5. Use a wrench to tighten the thermocouple (max. 1/4 turn clockwise, it only needs to make contact).
6. Connect the pilot pipe to the gas control valve.
7. Connect the two slide contacts of the T.R.S. to the thermocouple.
8. Connect the ignition cable to the piezo igniter.
9. Open the main gas supply and/or the manual gas valve, refer to Installation diagram (see 8.3).

**10.3.4 Finalization**

When all maintenance activities are finished, place the outer door back on the water heater. After that:

1. If necessary, fill the water heater (see 8.7.1).
2. Make sure the gas supply pressure is correct. If the gas supply pressure is not correct, contact your mains gas supply company. Do not use the water heater.
3. Make sure that the burner pressure is correct, refer to burner pressure (see 8.7.2).
4. Turn on the water heater (see 8.7.3).

**11 Troubleshooting**

**11.1 General**

When the water heater has an error, do the following tests:

- Test the safety thermostat (see 11.1.1)
- Test the T.R.S. (see 11.1.2)
- Condensation of flue gases (see 11.1.3)

Contact your maintenance and service engineer if the error persists.

**11.1.1 Safety thermostat**

If water heaters are equipped with a safety thermostat. When the water temperature is too high (>84°C), the gas supply is shut off. The safety thermostat stays switched on until the water temperature is below 45°C.
When the water temperature is below 45°C:
1. **Turn on the water heater** (see 8.7.3), because the main burner and the pilot burner are OFF.
2. **Turn the temperature control knob to a lower position** (see 4.1.1) and test if the pilot flame remains on.

**Note**
Repeated extinguishing of the pilot flame at higher temperatures, shows that the safety thermostat is switched on.

### 11.1.2 T.R.S. (Thermal Reflux Safeguard)

All water heaters are equipped with a Thermal Reflux Safeguard (T.R.S.). When the T.R.S. detects a temperature that is too high (>90°C), the gas supply is shut off. The T.R.S. stays switched on until the thermostat is reset.

1. Check the flue discharge for blockage. If necessary, remove the blockage.
2. Push on the reset button on the T.R.S. thermostat to reset the T.R.S.
3. **Turn on the water heater** (see 4.1), because the main burner and the pilot burner are OFF.

**Note**
If the T.R.S. switches of the water heater repeatedly, this indicates something is wrong with the flue discharge.

### 11.1.3 Condensation

Condensation of flue gases can occur on the cold surfaces of the combustion chamber and the flue gas discharge pipe when the water heater is filled with cold water or when the warm water usage is very high. Condense water can drop on the burner which can lead to hissing noise. This noise will disappear when the water heater has reached its normal operating temperature again.

**Caution**
Never take the water heater in operation when the cold water supply is closed.
# 11.2 General errors

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indication</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Measure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Gas smell** | There is a gas leak. | - Close the main gas valve at once.  
               - Do not operate any switches.  
               - No naked flames.  
               - Ventilate the boiler room.  
               - Immediately contact your installation engineer or your local gas company. |
<p>| <strong>Insufficient or no hot water - Pilot flame is off</strong> | Contaminated pilot burner. | Clean the pilot burner. |
| | Flue gas discharge is blocked. | Find the cause of the blockage and solve it. |
| | Safety thermostat is switched on. | Turn the temperature control knob to a lower position. <a href="#">Turn on the water heater</a> (see 4.1). |
| | Control knob is in position [●] | <a href="#">Turn on the water heater</a> (see 4.1). |
| | Thermocouple is not working. | Replace thermocouple. |
| | Thermocouple does not make contact. | Restore contact. <a href="#">Turn on the water heater</a> (see 4.1). |
| | Gas supply is closed. | Open the gas supply and <a href="#">Turn on the water heater</a> (see 4.1). |
| | T.R.S. is not connected to the thermocouple. | Slide the two connectors of the T.R.S. on the thermocouple connections. <a href="#">Turn on the water heater</a> (see 4.1). |
| | T.R.S. has closed the gas supply | Push the reset button (when available) on the safety thermostat. <a href="#">Turn on the water heater</a> (see 4.1). If this error keeps occurring, contact your installer. |
| | Gas control valve is broken. | Replace the gas control valve. |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indication</th>
<th>Cause</th>
<th>Measure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Insufficient or no hot water</td>
<td>Temperature set too low.</td>
<td>Turn the temperature control knob to a higher position.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Pilot flame is on</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Thermocouple is broken.</td>
<td>Replace thermocouple.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Control knob is in position [0] (pilot flame is on).</td>
<td>Turn the temperature control knob to the desired position (preferably position 4). The water heater now functions fully automatic.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hot water storage is empty.</td>
<td>Reduce hot water usage so the water heater has enough time to heat the water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Condensation of flue gases.</td>
<td>See Condensation (see 11.1.3).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Cause cannot be determined.</td>
<td>Turn the operation control knob to [●], close the gas supply valve and contact your installer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water leakage</td>
<td>There is a leakage from a threaded water connection.</td>
<td>Tighten the threaded connection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>There is a condensate leakage.</td>
<td>Reduce hot water usage so the water heater has enough time to heat the water.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>There is a leakage from another nearby water heater or pipe segment.</td>
<td>Trace the leakage.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
12 Appendices

12.1 Technical details

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>LGL 30</th>
<th>LGL 40</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Capacity</td>
<td>l</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>147</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Empty Weight</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum floor load</td>
<td>kg</td>
<td>157</td>
<td>200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum operating pressure</td>
<td>kPa (bar)</td>
<td>800 (8)</td>
<td>800 (8)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control thermostat - adjustment range</td>
<td>°C</td>
<td>40-70</td>
<td>40-70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control thermostat - factory setting</td>
<td>°C</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of anodes</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heating time ΔT = 45 °C</td>
<td>min.</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.2 Dimensions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>LGL 30</th>
<th>LGL 40</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Height</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>1635</td>
<td>1380</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Width</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>405</td>
<td>560</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Depth</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>495</td>
<td>650</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>Flue gas outlet</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Dimensions connections

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>LGL 30</th>
<th>LGL 40</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Cold water supply connection (female)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3/4&quot;</td>
<td>3/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Hot water outlet connection (female)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3/4&quot;</td>
<td>3/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Gas control valve connection (male)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Rp 1/2&quot;</td>
<td>Rp 1/2&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Drain valve connection (female)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3/4&quot;</td>
<td>3/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>T&amp;P-valve connection (female)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3/4&quot;</td>
<td>3/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
12.3 EcoDesign details

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>LGL 30</th>
<th>LGL 40</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Declared load profile</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Load profile</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>L</td>
<td>XL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Energy efficiency class (energy label)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Energy efficiency</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daily electricity usage</td>
<td>kWh</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daily fuel consumption</td>
<td>kWh GCV</td>
<td>20.869</td>
<td>32.023</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mixed water 40°C (V40)</td>
<td>l</td>
<td>184</td>
<td>317</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Additional load profile**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Load profile</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Energy efficiency class (energy label)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Energy efficiency</td>
<td>%</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 12.4 Gas details

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>LGL 30</th>
<th>LGL 40</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Daily electricity usage</td>
<td>kWh</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Daily fuel consumption</td>
<td>kWh GCV</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mixed water 40°C (V40)</td>
<td>l</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Gas category 2H (G20)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>LGL 30</th>
<th>LGL 40</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diameter main orifice</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>2.55</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diameter orifice pilot burner</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>2 x 0.27</td>
<td>2 x 0.27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominal load (Gross)</td>
<td>kW</td>
<td>9.6</td>
<td>11.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominal output</td>
<td>kW</td>
<td>7.6</td>
<td>8.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supply pressure</td>
<td>mbar</td>
<td>20.0</td>
<td>20.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burner pressure</td>
<td>mbar</td>
<td>10.7</td>
<td>8.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas consumption (1)</td>
<td>m³/h</td>
<td>0.9</td>
<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NOₓ-emission</td>
<td>mg/kWh GCV</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mass flow rate flue gases (nominal load)</td>
<td>kg/h</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flue gas temperature (nominal load)</td>
<td>°C</td>
<td>122</td>
<td>188</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Gas category 3+ (G30)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>LGL 30</th>
<th>LGL 40</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diameter main orifice</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>1.45</td>
<td>1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diameter orifice pilot burner</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>2 x 0.16</td>
<td>2 x 0.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominal load (Gross)</td>
<td>kW</td>
<td>9.5</td>
<td>9.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominal output</td>
<td>kW</td>
<td>7.7</td>
<td>7.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supply pressure</td>
<td>mbar</td>
<td>30.0</td>
<td>30.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burner pressure</td>
<td>mbar</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas consumption (1)</td>
<td>kg/h</td>
<td>0.7</td>
<td>0.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Unit</td>
<td>LGL 30</td>
<td>LGL 40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>--------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NO$_x$-emission</td>
<td>mg/kWh GCV</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mass flow rate flue gases (nominal load)</td>
<td>kg/h</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flue gas temperature (nominal load)</td>
<td>°C</td>
<td>122</td>
<td>188</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Gas category 3+ (G31)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diameter main orifice</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>1.45</td>
<td>1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diameter orifice pilot burner</td>
<td>mm</td>
<td>2 x 0.16</td>
<td>2 x 0.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominal load (Gross)</td>
<td>kW</td>
<td>9.1</td>
<td>9.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nominal output</td>
<td>kW</td>
<td>7.4</td>
<td>7.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supply pressure</td>
<td>mbar</td>
<td>37.0</td>
<td>37.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burner pressure</td>
<td>mbar</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gas consumption</td>
<td>kg/h</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NO$_x$-emission</td>
<td>mg/kWh GCV</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mass flow rate flue gases (nominal load)</td>
<td>kg/h</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flue gas temperature (nominal load)</td>
<td>°C</td>
<td>122</td>
<td>188</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
12.5 Declaration of conformity

**EEC - Declaration of Conformity**

Supplier: Lochinvar Limited
7 Lombard Way
The MXL Centre
Banbury - United Kingdom

hereby declares that the following products:

**Product description:** Gas Fired Water Heater
**Product family name:** Knight Low NOx
**Product models:** LGL 30, LGL 40

on the assumption that the installation instructions have been followed are complaint to:

- Gas Appliance Regulation (GAR) - 2016/426
  - EN 89:2015

- Pressure Equipment Directive (PED) - 97/23/EG
  - Based on Art. 3, Sub 3. (PS < 10 bar, pressure vessel for non-hazardous fluids)

- ECO Design Directive (ErP) - 2009/125/EG
  - Commission regulation No. 814/2013 based on notices 2014/C - 207/03

- Energy Labelling Directive - 2010/30/EG
  - Commission regulation No. 812/2013

as stated in the EC type-examination report, 180100359, by KiWA Gasteck Certification b.v., The Netherlands.

**Company:** Lochinvar Limited
**Date:** September 1, 2018

**Signature:**
E. van Driel
Managing Director
12.6 Warranty

Article 1: General warranty
If within 1 (one) year of the invoice date or commissioning date of a water heater supplied by Lochinvar Ltd., following verification, and at the sole discretion of Lochinvar Ltd., an assembly or part (with exclusion of the tank) proves to be defective or fails to function correctly due to manufacturing and/or material defects, then Lochinvar Ltd. shall repair or replace this assembly or part.

Article 2: Warranty
If within 5 (five) years of the invoice date or commissioning date of a water heater supplied by Lochinvar Ltd., following verification, and at the sole discretion of Lochinvar Ltd., the enamel-lined steel tank proves to be leaking due to rust or corrosion occurring on the water side, then Lochinvar Ltd. shall offer to replace the defective water heater with an entirely new water heater of equivalent size and quality The warranty period given on the replacement water heater shall be equal to the remaining warranty period of the original water heater that was supplied.

Article 3: Conditions for installation and use
The warranty set out in articles 1 and 2 will apply solely under the following conditions:

1. The water heater is installed under strict adherence to Lochinvar Ltd. installation instructions for the specific model, and must be in accordance with the relevant requirements of the Gas Safety Regulations, Building Regulations, I.E.E. Regulations and the byelaws of the local water undertaking. The installation should also be in accordance with any relevant requirements of the local gas distributor and local authority.
2. The water heater remains installed at the original site of installation.
3. The water heater is used exclusively with drinking water, which at all times can freely circulate (a separately installed heat exchanger is mandatory for heating saline water or corrosive water).
4. The tank is safeguarded against harmful scaling and lime build-up by means of periodic maintenance.
5. The water temperatures in the heater do not exceed the maximum setting of the thermostats, which form a part of the water heater.
6. The water pressure and/or heat load do not exceed the maximum values stated on the water heater rating plate.
7. The water heater is installed in a non-corrosive atmosphere or environment.
8. The water heater is connected to a protected cold supply arrangement, which is: approved by the relevant authority; with sufficient capacity for this purpose; supplying a pressure no greater than the working pressure stated on the water heater; and where applicable by a likewise approved temperature and pressure relief valve, fitted in accordance with installation instructions of Lochinvar Ltd. applying to the specific model of water heater, and further in compliance with Building Regulations, local authority installation byelaws and the Water Supply (Water Fittings) Regulations 1999.
9. The water heater is at all times fitted with cathodic protection. If sacrificial anodes are used for this and these anodes have reduced in size by more than 40% at any point along their length or if they are severely pitted, new anodes should be fitted. Particular attention should be paid to the ends of each anode to ensure excessive localized depletion has not occurred. Where anodes are covered with particles they should be cleaned; for reference, when new, the anode has a diameter of 21 mm. When power anodes are used, it is important to ensure that they continue to work properly.

Article 4: Exclusions
The warranty set out in articles 1 and 2 will not apply in the event of:

1. damage to the water heater caused by an external factor;
2. misuse, neglect (including frost damage), modification and incorrect and/or unauthorized use of the water heater;
3. contaminants or other substances having been allowed to enter the tank;
4. any attempts at repair to a defective water heater other than by an approved service engineer;
5. the conductivity of the water being less than 125 μS/cm and/or the hardness (alkaline earth ions) of the water being less than 1.00 mmol/litre;
6. unfiltered, recirculated water flowing through or being stored in the water heater.
Article 5: Scope of the warranty
The obligations of Lochinvar Ltd. pursuant to the specified warranty are limited to free delivery from the warehouse of the replacement assemblies, parts or water heater, respectively. Labor, installation and any other costs associated with the replacement will not be accepted by Lochinvar Ltd.

Article 6: Claims
A claim on grounds of the specified warranty must be submitted to the dealer from whom the water heater was purchased, or to another authorized dealer of Lochinvar Ltd.. Inspection of the water heater as referred to in articles 1 and 2 shall take place in one of the laboratories of Lochinvar Ltd.

Article 7: Obligations of Lochinvar Ltd.
Lochinvar Ltd. grants no other warranty or guarantee over its water heaters nor the (assemblies or parts of) water heaters supplied for replacement, other than the warranty expressly set out in these conditions. Under the terms of the supplied warranty, Lochinvar Ltd. is not liable for damage to persons or property caused by (assemblies or parts, or the glass-lined steel tank of) a (replacement) water heater that it has supplied.